con	sisting	X-ray tube produces a beam of X-rays. The beam passes through a diaphragm of two pairs of lead sheets which can be moved at right angles to each other, brough an aluminium filter.	
(a)	(i)	State the use of the lead sheets.	
			(1)
	(ii)	State the use of the aluminium filter.	
			440
			(1)
(b)		en a monochromatic beam of X-ray photons is passed through an aluminium of thickness 2.7 mm, its intensity is reduced by 8.3%.	
	Calc	ulate the mass attenuation coefficient of aluminium for these X-rays.	
	State	e an appropriate unit for your answer.	
		density of aluminium = 2700 kg m <sup>-3</sup>	
	mas	ss attenuation coefficient(Total 7 ma	(5) arks)

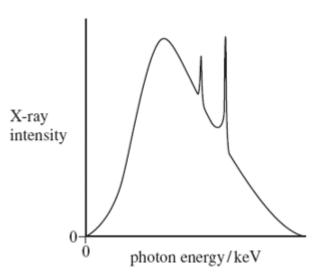
Q2. (a) In an X-ray tube, electrons are accelerated from rest through a pd of 72.4 kV

before they hit the target anode.

(i)	Calculate the kinetic energy of an electron as it reaches the anode. Give you	our
	anowor to an appropriate name of or significant rigaros.	
	answer = J	(2)
(ii)	Assuming that the electron gives up all this energy to form an X-ray photon calculate the wavelength of the photon.	,
	answer = m	
		(2)
X-ra	lys are used in a CT scanner. Describe briefly how a CT scanner produces a	n
	(ii)	answer to an appropriate number of significant figures.  answer =

Q3. (a) The X-ray spectrum for a certain X-ray tube target is shown in **Figure 1**. Explain the process which gives rise to spikes at certain photon energies.

Figure 1

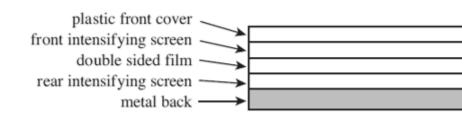


(3)

 	 	••••	 	 • • • • •	 • • • • •	••••	 	 	• • • •	• • • •	 	• • • •	 	• • • • •	 	

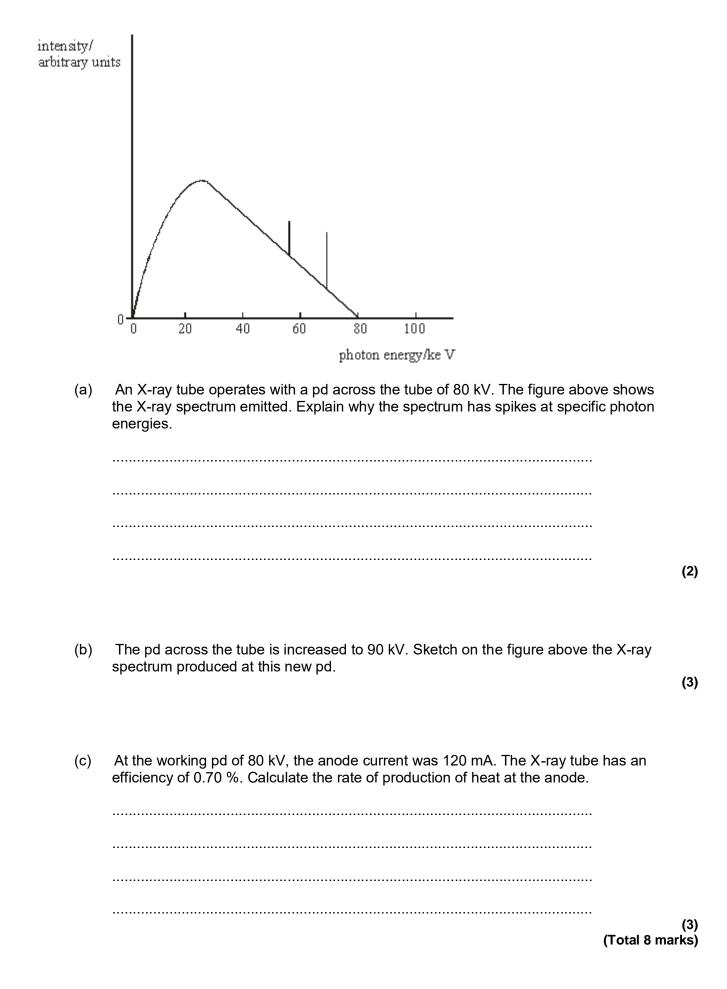
(b) A film cassette, placed under a patient being X-rayed, is shown in Figure 2.

Figure 2



Explain how the intensifying screens in the film cassette achieve their purpostate their benefit to the patient.	ose and
	(3)
	(Total 6 marks)

Q4.



Q5.	In the course of diagnosis and treatment of a child's broken arm, several images arm are required. Similarly, to check the progress of a woman's pregnancy, seve images of the foetus are required. <b>In each case,</b> state which imaging technique of probably be used and give <b>two</b> reasons for the choice.	ral
	Broken arm:	
	technique used	
	reason 1	
	reason 2	
	Foetus:	
	technique used	
	reason 1	
	reason 2	
		(Total 4 marks)

- **Q6.** Diagnostic X-rays are produced using a rotating anode X-ray tube.
  - (a) (i) State **two** methods which can be used to increase the intensity of the X-ray beam produced by the tube.

		method 1	
		method 2	
	(ii)	For each method of increasing intensity, state the effect on the maximum X-ray photon energy.	
		method 1	
		method 2	(3)
			(3)
(b)		ore taking an X-ray photograph, the X-ray beam emerging from the tube is sed through an aluminium filter. State and explain the reason for filtering the ys.	
		(Total 6 r	(3)
		(10tal 61	11a1 N3)